The Pleistocene localities of Aguada de Lomas and Sacaco have yielded numerous equid fossils that were at first referred to Equus (*Amerhippus) santaeelenae*(Salas et al., 2004).
After further comparisons, in particular with fossils from Tarija (Bolivia) it appears that they more probably belong to *Equus (Amerhippus) insulatus*. So does the cranium from El Jahvay (Fig. 1, 2).